

Analyses and Prediction of Antiviral proteins using Support Vector Machine

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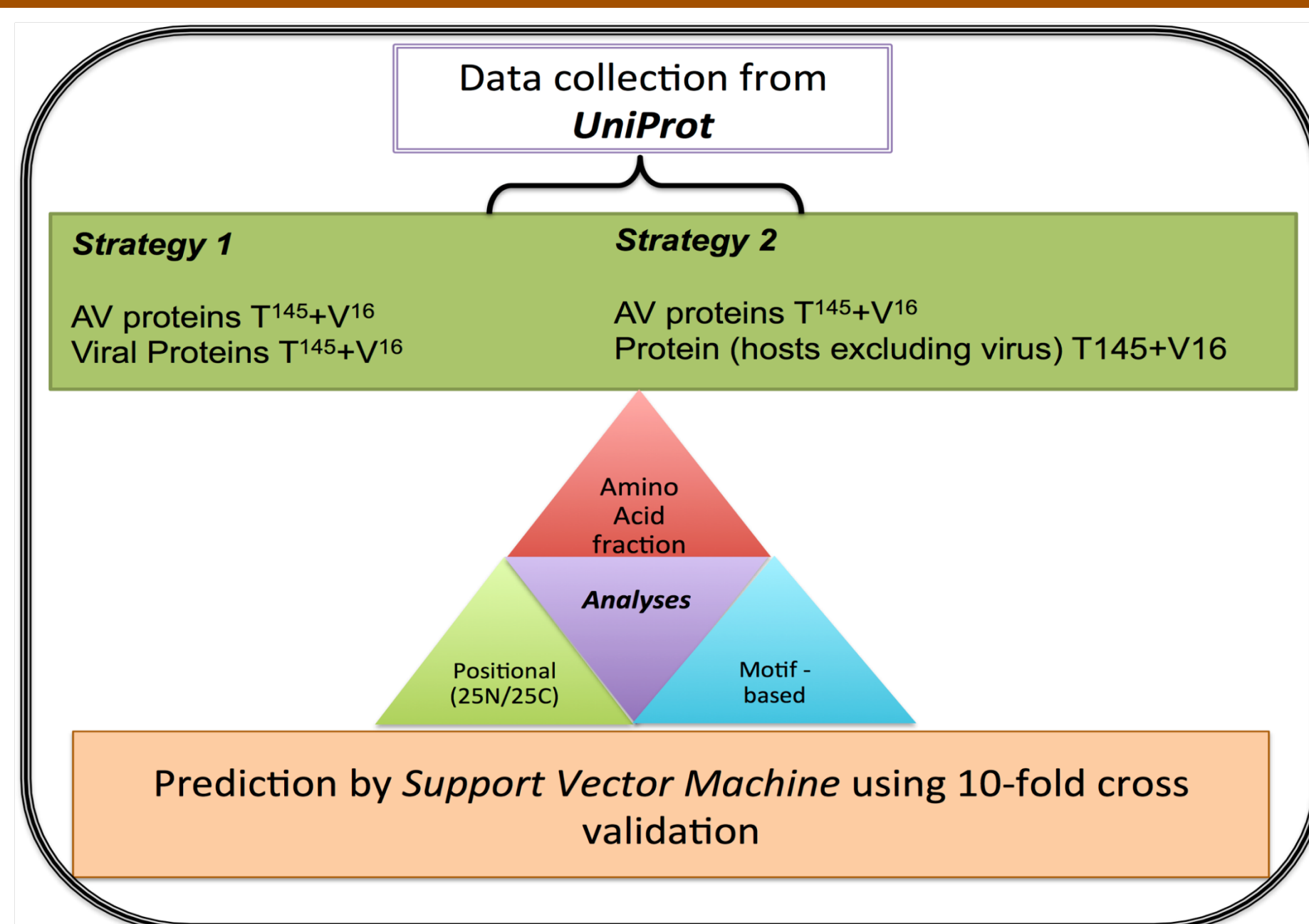
Introduction

- Antiviral (AV) proteins have therapeutic potential to interfere viral replication in hosts.
- These proteins are induced in host as an immune response against viral infection via interferon that further mediates them to inhibit virus replication.
- Despite having therapeutic potentials, these proteins are computationally unexplored.

Objectives

- Prediction of Anti-viral (AV) proteins using Support Vector Machine (SVM).
- Analyses of AV proteins

Methodology



Brief overview of the prediction and analyses of Anti-viral protein

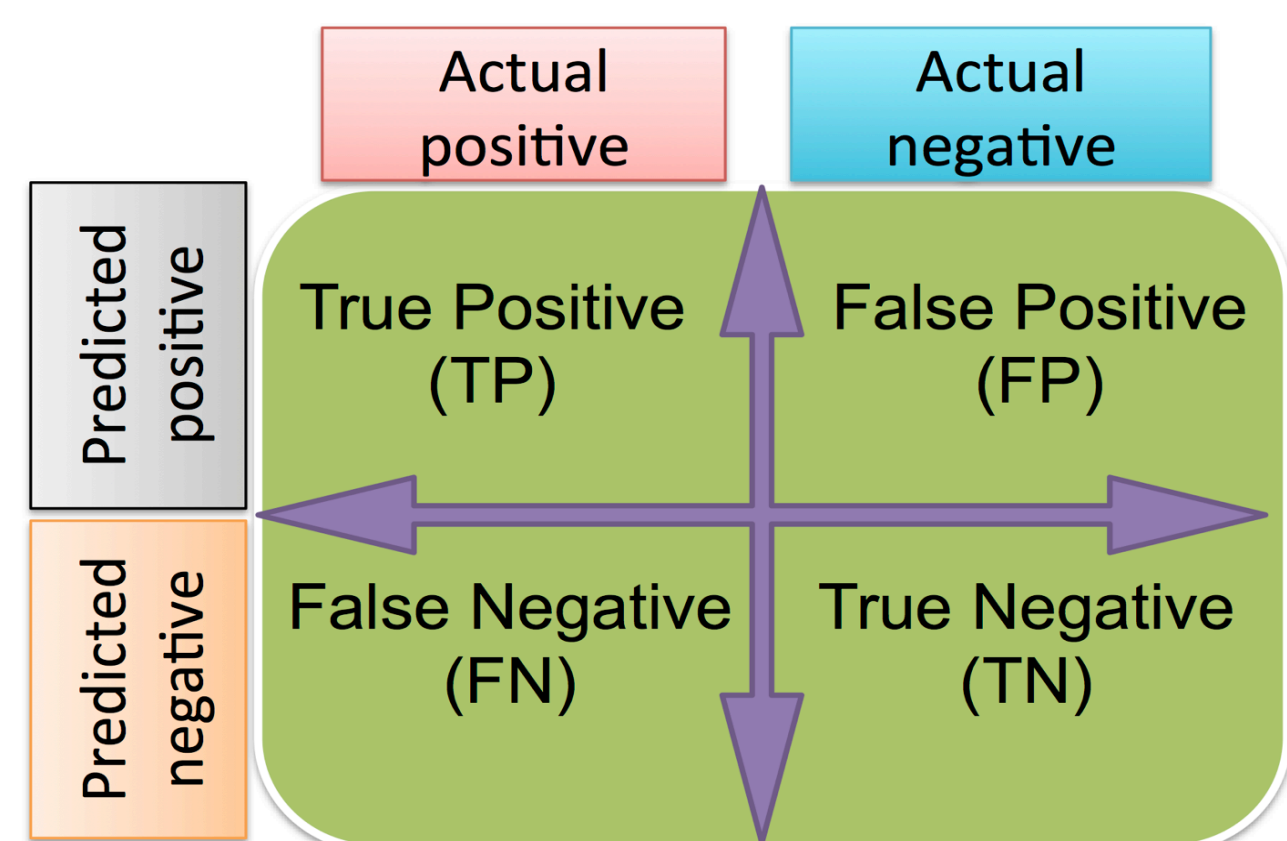
Feature selection algorithm

- Minimum redundancy maximum relevance (mRMR) feature selection method is employed to find most contributing features.

Classifier used

- Support Vector Machine are supervised learning models with associated learning algorithms that analyze data used for classification and regression analysis.

Performance measures



$$\text{Sensitivity} = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$$

$$\text{Specificity} = \frac{TN}{TN + FP}$$

$$\text{MCC} = \frac{(TP \times TN) - (FP \times FN)}{\sqrt{(TP + FP)(TP + FN)(TN + FP)(TN + FN)}}$$

$$\text{Accuracy} = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + FP + TN + FN}$$

Results

I. Performance of SVM models during 10-fold cross validation on training/testing and validation data set

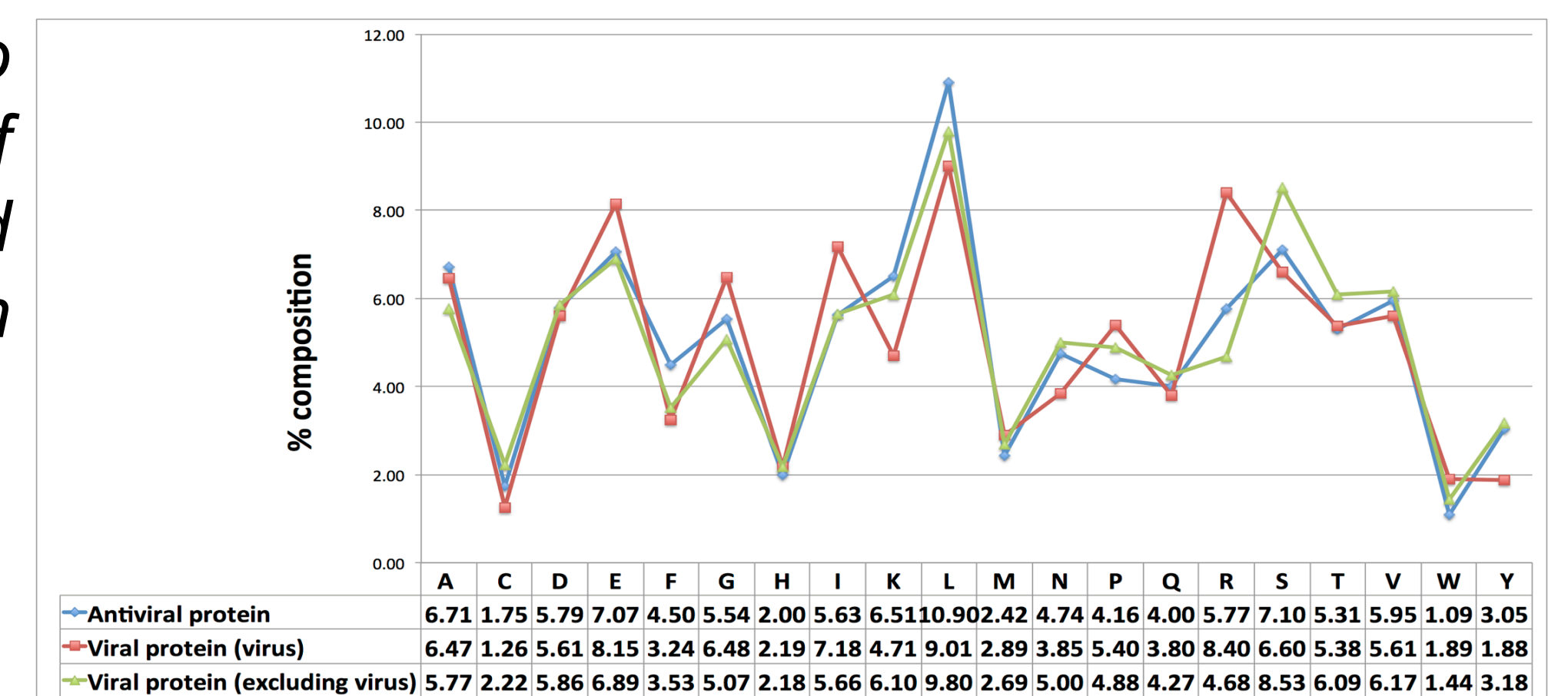
	Training/testing data set (T145+V145n)					Validation data set (V16+16n)					
	Sen	Spec	Acc	MCC	AUC	Sen	Spec	Acc	MCC	AUC	
AAC											
Strategy 1	99.31	97.93	98.62	0.97	1.00	100.00	93.75	96.88	0.94	1.00	
Strategy 2	97.93	88.28	93.10	0.87	0.98	87.50	81.25	84.38	0.69	0.90	
DPC											
Strategy 1	97.93	96.55	97.24	0.94	0.99	100.00	93.75	96.88	0.94	0.99	
Strategy 2	97.24	90.34	93.79	0.88	0.98	87.50	87.50	87.50	0.75	0.93	
PHY											
Strategy 1	97.93	97.93	97.93	0.96	0.99	100.00	93.75	96.88	0.94	1.00	
Strategy 2	95.17	92.41	93.79	0.88	0.97	87.50	93.75	90.62	0.81	0.92	
AAC+DPC											
Strategy 1	97.93	97.93	97.93	0.96	0.98	100.00	93.75	96.88	0.94	0.99	
Strategy 2	95.17	90.34	92.76	0.86	0.98	87.50	87.50	87.50	0.75	0.91	
AAC+DPC+PHY											
Strategy 1	97.93	97.24	97.59	0.95	0.98	100.00	93.75	96.88	0.94	1.00	
Strategy 2	99.31	83.45	91.38	0.84	0.98	87.50	81.25	84.38	0.69	0.89	

Sen, Sensitivity; Spec, Specificity; Acc, Accuracy; AUC, Area Under the Curve; AAC, Amino Acid Composition; DPC, Dipeptide Composition; PHY, Top 10 - physicochemical properties;

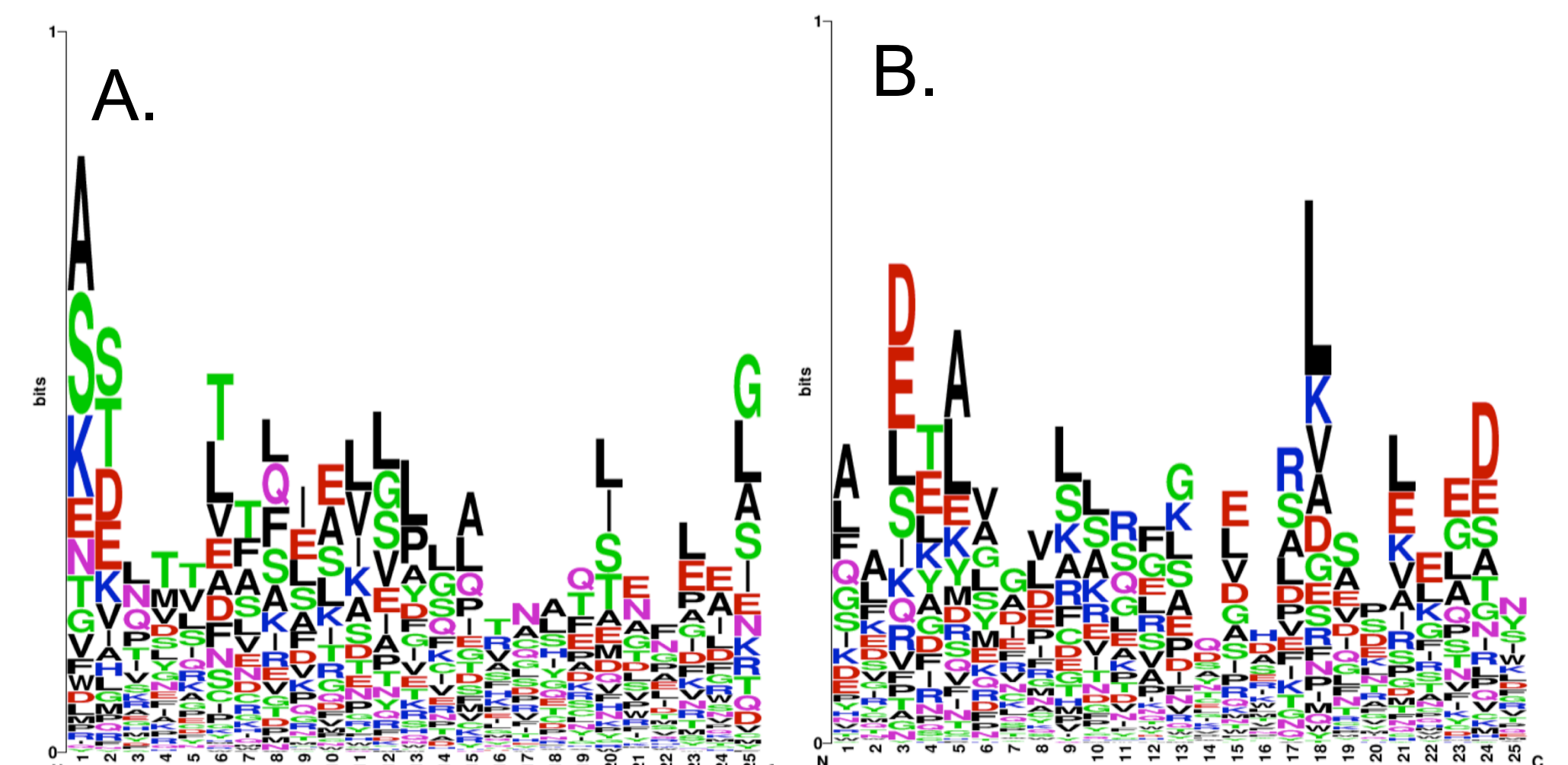
*Strategy 1, 145 AV protein and 145 viral proteins;
*Strategy 2, 145 AV protein and 145 other host proteins (excluding viral)

Results

II. Comparison of Amino Acid Composition of AVPs, Viral proteins and host proteins other than viruses

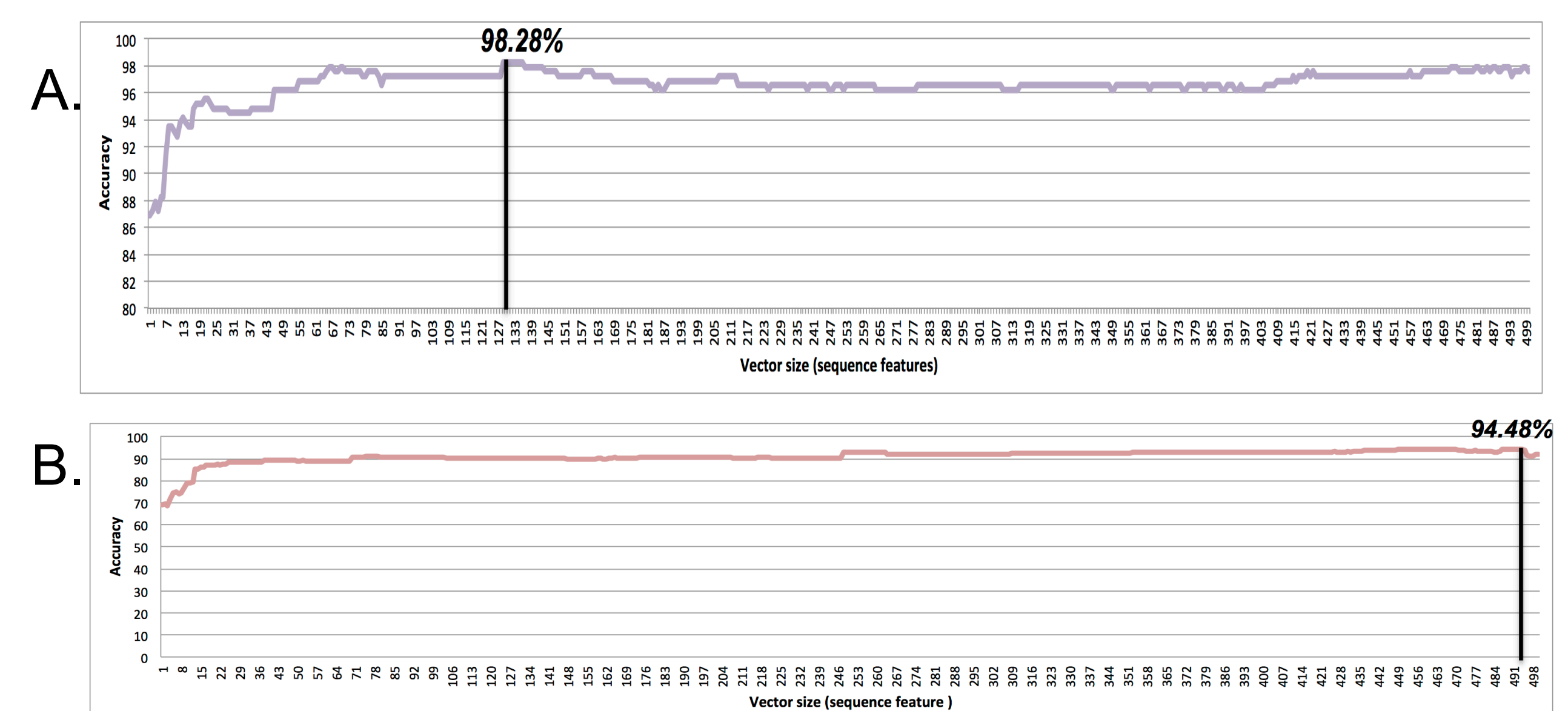


III. Positional preference of Amino Acid A) 25N and B) 25C terminus of AVPs



S.No	Motif logo	Motif Width	Sequence coverage
Motif 1	NTTxxeVGGxTxx	20	32
Motif 2	ATyCEEGDxxSxV	20	29
Motif 3	QBERGRABxxSxx	20	26
Motif 4	FDEAxxRxxSxx	20	28
Motif 5	YORLEFLGDxLDxV	20	21
Motif 6	NYERxxEFLGDxxLx	15	20
Motif 7	KxxADVxxEALIGAx	20	25
Motif 8	KExSDxxEoxGxVx	20	21
Motif 9	WELxxVxLxxQxx	20	21
Motif 10	GYxxFxxLxxAxx	20	21

IV. Motif extraction of AVPs using MEME/MAST suite



V. Performance of SVM hybrid (AAC+ DPC+PHY) model during mRMR feature selection technique on two data sets A) AVPs & Viral proteins B) AVPs & host proteins other than virus

Conclusion

- Our study would help the researchers in exploring antiviral potential of protein(s) that further helps in determining their therapeutic potential against various viruses.

Acknowledgements

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